

hind it. Action, not discussion, must be the program for the coming year."

The Food and Drug Bulletin, of the Department of Health, of New York City, is sent free of charge to all New York City druggists, who by a new regulation, adopted by the Board of Health, are required to keep it on file, and to various food dealers and news agencies concerned with the activities of the Bureau of Food and Drugs.

The Civic and Commercial Journal of the Greenville, S. C., Chamber of Commerce, devoted three pages of its June issue to the joint convention of the South Carolina and North Carolina Pharmaceutical Associations, held in Greenville, June 26-28.

NEW NATIONAL HOME FOR SCIENCE ESTABLISHED IN WASHINGTON.

A national home for science and research has been nearly completed in Washington. Not far from the Lincoln Memorial, facing the Mall, this new home of the National Academy of Sciences and the National Research Council, costing \$1,500,000, covers a city block containing approximately 189,755 square feet.

Exhibition rooms surround the central rotunda, and in these rooms the latest results of scientific and industrial research will be illustrated. The newest discoveries in all the sciences and their application will be shown in this constantly changing living museum.

OBITUARY.

ADOLPHUS W. MILLER.

Adolphus W. Miller died at his home in Philadelphia July 7, aged 82 years. Reference to the deceased was made in the brief sketches of 50-year members of the A.

Ph. A., April JOURNAL, 1919, p. 253; data relating to Dr. Miller's activities are recorded on p. 257 of "First Century of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy." He graduated in Pharmacy, in 1862; in Medicine, 1871; he received the degree of Ph.D.,

in 1872, from the University of Pennsylvania, and was a member of the medical faculty for quite a number of years. He was a founder of the Alumni Association, P. C. P., its president in 1875, and corresponding secretary of the college since 1886.

He was an ardent botanist and actively identified with the management of Bartram's Garden, the Academy of Natural Sciences, the Pennsylvania Botanical Society, and other organizations. He was an ex-president of the Lotus Club; served three terms as president of the Philadelphia Drug Exchange, and as one of its directors for thirty-three years. Dr. Miller's command of language enabled



A. W. MILLER.

him to convey information interestingly; he was a linguist, and his knowledge of languages included several of the eastern countries.

SOL. A. ECKSTEIN.

Sol. A. Eckstein, druggist and a leading figure in the business circles of Milwaukee, Wis., died in that city early Sunday morning, June 3.

Mr. Eckstein was born in New York City in 1858, and the following year went to Milwaukee, where he was educated. When 16 years old he entered the employ of I. N. Morton, who in 1875 disposed of his drug business to George Wright & Brother. Mr. Eckstein continued with the new firm, which in 1892 was incorporated as the Wright Drug Company. In 1907 he bought out his partners, and became president of the company. A few months ago he disposed of his interests in the latter business.

Mr. Eckstein was a worker in the cause of organized pharmacy, both as a member of the A. Ph. A. and as a vice-president of the N. A. R. D. He had also served two terms as president of the Wisconsin Pharmaceutical Association, and at the time of his death was the head of the Druggists' Mutual Fire Insurance Co. He was also serving his second term as a member of the Milwaukee Park Board, was a director of the American Founders' Security Co., and served three terms as president of the Old Settlers' Club. He was well known in fraternal circles.

He is survived by his widow, his son, Charles, and two brothers, Henry, of Milwaukee, and Louis, of Chicago. Mr. Eckstein joined the American Pharmaceutical Association in 1912.

SOCIETIES AND COLLEGES.

RATES AND ROUTES TO THE ASHEVILLE A. PH. A. MEETING.

Chairman Turner F. Currens, of the A. Ph. A. Transportation Committee, writes that he has made a definite reservation of 35 state-rooms with the Clyde Steamship Co., on the *Arapahoe* scheduled to sail from Pier 36, North River at 12 noon, Daylight Saving Time, August 30.

Quite a number of our members have indicated their intention to go to Asheville from New York via the Clyde Line to Charleston, S. C., and then by train from Charleston to Asheville. The party leaving here August 30, noon, will arrive in Charleston Saturday noon, September 1; leave Charleston Saturday night and arrive in Asheville Sunday afternoon.

The expense of the trip from New York to Charleston, including berth, meals, etc., is \$32.95, and \$11.05 covers the cost of a ticket and lower berth from Charleston to Asheville. All reservations have been made on the upper or promenade deck. If a more luxurious reservation is desired, there are rooms that can be had at a cost of \$5 to \$12 in addition to the figures mentioned above.

This trip has the advantage of the two-day ocean voyage, and ample time in Charleston to look over this historical old City, as the guest of our fellow member, Dr. W. H. Zeigler, of Charleston.

Reservations should be made promptly by writing to Turner F. Currens, Chairman, Transportation Committee, A. Ph. A., 55-59 East 11th St., New York City.

ROUND-TRIP SUMMER TOURIST FARES TO ASHEVILLE.

Secretary William B. Day writes that he is informed by the Big Four Railroad that the following round-trip summer tourist fares to Asheville, N. C., are now in effect:

From Champaign, Ill., \$35.50; Chicago, Ill., \$40.80; Peoria, Ill., \$38.65; Indianapolis, Ind., \$30.20; Ann Arbor, Mich., \$40.35; Detroit, Mich., \$39.75; Buffalo, N. Y., \$49.84; Cleveland, Ohio, \$39.35; Columbus, Ohio, \$31.60; Dayton, Ohio, \$27.85; Toledo, Ohio, \$36.40; Pittsburgh, Pa., \$42.65; Charleston, W. Va., \$30.70; Cincinnati, Ohio, \$24.70; Lafayette Ind., \$33.95; Louisville, Ky., \$23.50; Milwaukee, Wis., \$45.70; Minneapolis, Minn., \$59.10; St. Paul, Minn., \$59.10; St. Louis, Mo., \$26.55.

These summer tourist rates hold from May 15th to September 30th, inclusive, going and return, the final return limit of October 31st offering liberal stop-over privileges on either going, return or both. The Southern Railway System informs us that the round-trip summer rate tickets to Asheville can be secured including side-trip to Chattanooga, Tenn., without additional cost. By taking the side-trip to Chattanooga, Lookout Mountain, Missionary Ridge, Chickamauga Battlefields, Signal Point and Grand Canon of Tennessee can be visited.

Be certain to consult your Railroad Agent early so you will experience no difficulties or disappointments. Hotel rates are quoted in this issue of the JOURNAL, in the article by Local Secretary J. G. Beard, on page 572.

THE SECTIONS OF THE AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION.

The names and addresses of the Section officers will be found on page x, under Official Roster for 1922-1923. Titles of papers should be sent to the officers of the Section for which they are intended, at an early day, so as to enable the officers to prepare the program of the sessions; please do this by the 1st of August. If you can also send in an abstract of your paper, it will be very helpful; this applies also to papers. Copies of papers may be sent to the JOURNAL Office, 253 Bourse Building, prior to the meeting; but the originals should go to the officers of the Sections.

SCIENTIFIC SECTION.

On page 562 of the June issue of the JOURNAL, the officers of the Scientific Section have outlined the program for the Asheville meeting of the A. Ph. A. Please refer to this announcement. The chairman is Dr. Arno Viehoever, Bureau of Chemistry, Washington, D. C. The address of Secretary J. P. Snyder is 32 Elms St., Norwich, N. Y.

SECTION ON PRACTICAL PHARMACY AND DISPENSING.

The Section on Practical Pharmacy and Dispensing asks for your coöperation and requests papers relating to practical and dispensing pharmacy, hospital pharmacy, etc. It is the democratic Section of the Association. It appeals to educators, editors, manufac-

turers, wholesalers, retailers, employers, and employees, alike.

What new ideas have you discovered during the past year? What new thought have you unearthed that might be of service to your fellow-men? Combine them into a paper and present it for discussion in this Section.

Many interesting papers are being prepared for this Section. You should not miss hearing them. What will yours be? Will you again contribute this year as you have so ably done in the past? There is still ample time for this accomplishment.

CROSBY B. WASHBURNE, *Chairman*,
206 Kitchener Ave., Detroit, Mich.

ROBERT J. RUTH, *Secretary*, Elyria, Ohio.

SECTION ON EDUCATION AND LEGISLATION.

The Section on Education and Legislation solicits papers on educational and legislative topics; no subjects are of greater importance and value. Will you discuss in your paper the Model Modern Pharmacy Law or Pre-requisite Legislation? Restricted ownership of drug stores to those duly qualified by education and character during these times when efforts are made to undermine the morale of the drug business by those who seek to enter for mercenary reasons chiefly or only—papers on the subject are timely. Many other thoughts for the preparation of papers will present themselves. Secretary G. A. Bergy, Department of Pharmacy, Morgantown, W. Va., and Chairman W. F. Gidley, Purdue University, Lafayette, Ind., will welcome papers dealing with any subject relating to education and legislation. Secretary G. A. Bergy has addressed the deans and members of pharmaceutical faculties as follows:

"The Section on Education and Legislation of the American Pharmaceutical Association is at this time urging you and the various members of your staff to prepare papers on those phases of pharmaceutical education and legislation in which they are most deeply interested.

"The question of uniform college entrance requirements and a year of college training as a prerequisite is to-day commanding much attention.

"The legislatures of the various states have recently enacted many laws, perhaps many concerning pharmacy. What has been the progress in your state? State specifically in the summary of your report the qualifica-

tions necessary for the practice of pharmacy in your commonwealth.

The secretary of the Section is very desirous of learning the title of your paper in order that the programs may be completed at the earliest possible date."

SECTION ON COMMERCIAL INTERESTS.

No Section offers opportunities for a larger number of contributors than the Section on Commercial Interests. The Business Side of Pharmacy is ably presented in each issue of the JOURNAL by Dr. Robert P. Fischelis. Business Management, management of the sales department, profits, over-head expenses, items that may be successfully handled in pharmacies and drug stores, the prescription department, pricing of prescriptions, keeping records, stock records, etc., are all subjects that concern pharmacists and druggists every day. Exchange your views with others. Papers should be mailed to Chairman Walter M. Chase, P. O. Box 484, Detroit, Mich., or Secretary Henry B. Smith, 291 So. 5th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SECTION ON HISTORICAL PHARMACY.

The principal work undertaken by the Section on Historical Pharmacy is the preparation of a history of American Pharmacy. Other historical papers will, however, be welcomed and contributions should be mailed to Chairman Clyde L. Eddy, 100 William Street, New York City, Secretary Robert S. Lehman, 375 3rd Ave., New York City, or the historian, E. G. Eberle, 253 Bourse Building, Philadelphia, Pa. Photographs, books and other historical matter for filing in the Section on Historical Pharmacy should be sent to the latter. If it is your intention that such presentations should be exhibited they may be turned over to the historian at the Asheville meeting.

WOMEN'S SECTION.

The chairman of the Women's Section is Mrs. Lyman F. Kebler, 1322 Park Road, Washington, D. C., and the secretary is Miss Anna G. Bagley, 2423 Indiana Ave., Columbus, Ohio. Papers relating to subjects for the Women's Section should be mailed to the officers.

As has been indicated elsewhere, if it is not possible to send in papers before August 1, the officers of the respective Sections should

be informed relative to the titles of the papers and, preferably, abstracts of the papers should accompany the communications.

The program must be printed in advance of the meeting and the officers will be aided by early responses.

REPORT OF THE DELEGATE OF THE AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION TO THE PROPRIETARY ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA.

In accordance with instructions, the undersigned appeared as delegate from the American Pharmaceutical Association to extend greetings to the Proprietary Association, which held its 41st annual meeting at the Pennsylvania Hotel, New York City, May 22 and 23, 1923.

The attendance at this convention was 200 or more. Sessions were held both morning and afternoon of each day, and reports were heard from the Requirements Committee, Legislative Committee, Foreign Trade Committee, Membership Committee and the General Counsel.

Frank A. Blair, president for several years, refused to reconsider reelection on account of the press of new duties. Dr. V. Mott Pierce, Buffalo, was elected to succeed Mr. Blair, who, however, remained on the Executive Committee.

Other officers were elected as follows: *First Vice-President*, E. K. Hyde, New York; *Second Vice-President*, James A. Howe, St. Louis; *Secretary-Treasurer*, Charles P. Tyrrell, Syracuse, N. Y.; *Executive Committee*: R. R. Land, Binghamton, N. Y.; Frank A. Blair, New York; Carl J. Balliett, Greensboro, N. C.; and J. A. Mitchell, New York.

In his annual address, President Blair said that "in spite of the fact that nearly every State legislature in the United States has been in session at some time during the past year, not one single State measure has been passed thus far which is detrimental to the interests of the manufacturer of proprietary articles. Of some four hundred bills affecting proprietary medicines which have been introduced into some forty-odd State law-making bodies at their last sessions, all except one have been defeated, and the passage of this one is not yet assured. Practically all the legislatures have completed their sessions and adjourned for 1923."

E. F. Kemp reported for the Requirements Committee that 112 new preparations had been examined during the year and that eight

new members had been admitted to the organization. The report of the Legislative Committee was made by Chairman W. E. Weiss. Mr. Weiss reviewed the work of his committee during the year and discussed legislation now pending. Harry B. Thompson, *General Counsel*, read an exhaustive report of his activities during the year. The report of the Foreign Trade Committee was read by Chairman J. A. Mitchell, and Chairman Stanley P. Jadwin, of the Membership Committee, made his report.

Henry Miles, a member of the Canadian Parliament and representing the P. A. T. A. of Canada, spoke upon the sales tax now in effect in that country and of recent legislation regulating the sale of proprietary medicines.

CHARLES W. PARSONS.

MEMBERSHIP PRIZES OF SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES OF PHARMACY IN THE AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION.

Mention has been made in a previous issue of the JOURNAL of awards of membership to graduates. Other awards follow, and mention will be made in succeeding numbers, provided the JOURNAL receives the necessary information, for which thanks are extended. Brooklyn College made two awards, through Dean William C. Anderson, to I. B. Facton and H. J. Kleinfeld.

Fordham awarded membership to William Sandler, reported by Dean Jacob Diner.

The William Gray Membership Prize, of Illinois University School of Pharmacy, was awarded to Charles E. Rutledge; the prize in *Materia Medica* was given to Harold B. Reinhart, and for Chemistry to Cyril E. Tokarski.

Mention has been made of the awards to Joseph J. Pfflner, of the College of Pharmacy, University of Iowa, and a subscription to the JOURNAL A. PH. A. was awarded to Sister Mary Catherine by Prof. R. A. Kuever, for highest rank in the first year practical pharmacy.

Dean Robert P. Fischelis, New Jersey College of Pharmacy, made two awards; for the highest average in pharmacy to Arthur Harry Adelman, and to Charles Keppler, Jr., for highest average in commercial pharmacy.

The pharmacy review prize of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy and Science was awarded to Bernard Albert.

Pittsburgh College of Pharmacy made the following awards: Theoretical pharmacy prize to E. Frederick Rowse; chemistry prize to Joseph Stein; pharmaceutical products prize to Ralph Hite; pharmacognosy prize to Edward Labowitz, and for materia medica to Sidney Odle.

STATE PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATIONS.

At this writing all advices indicate that there has been a general approval of the reorganization plan of the American Pharmaceutical Association by State associations. Action has also been taken by many associations for contributions to the A. Ph. A. Headquarters Fund. The Minnesota State Pharmaceutical Association made a contribution of \$500, which has been reported. Under the direction of President Samuel L. Antonow, other officers, the executive committee and members of the Illinois Pharmaceutical Association, nearly \$3000 was pledged by members for the fund. The meeting of the latter association was held on Lake Steamer, South American, on a four-day cruise on the Great Lakes.

OFFICERS OF STATE PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATIONS 1923-1924.

(Secretaries of associations are asked to make corrections and send in list of officers, and names of next convention city.)

ALABAMA.

President, R. F. Lovelady, Birmingham.
First Vice-President, E. C. Fowler, Montgomery.
Second Vice-President, Claude Hagan, Birmingham.
Treasurer, S. L. Toomer, Auburn.
Secretary, W. E. Bingham, Tuscaloosa.
 Auburn was selected as the 1924 convention city.

DELAWARE.

President to be chosen by the directors.
Vice-Presidents, George W. Brittingham, New Castle; Harry P. Jones, Smyrna.
Treasurer, Peter T. Bienkowski, Wilmington.
Directors, O. C. Draper, F. E. Gallagher, Charles E. Young, Joseph S. Brokaw, N. B. Danforth, all of Wilmington.

ILLINOIS.

The Illinois Association, as an organization, contributed \$500 to the A. Ph. A. Headquarters Fund. President S. I. Antonow and W. D. Duncan subscribed \$500 each, and the total subscribed amounted to nearly \$3000.

President, J. P. Crowley, Chicago.
First Vice-President, P. L. Pfaff, Centralia.
Second Vice-President, L. H. Pedigo, Chicago.
Third Vice-President, J. B. Nuchels, El Paso.
Secretary, W. B. Day, Chicago.
Treasurer, George M. Bennett, Urbana.
 Arrangements for the next place of meeting were left to the Executive Committee.

KANSAS.

President, F. A. Milne, Pratt.
First Vice-President, F. M. Arbuthnot, Belleville.
Second Vice-President, Charles W. Browne, Chanute.
Treasurer, John Schmitter, Gypsum.
Secretary-Manager, J. Will Kelley, Topeka.
 Topeka was chosen as the place for the 1924 meeting.

MARYLAND.

Plans were inaugurated for the affiliation of District of Columbia pharmacists with the Maryland Association. Approval was given to the policies of the University of Maryland to develop a great State University.
President, Charles L. Meyer, Baltimore.
First Vice-President, W. K. Edwards, Cumberland.
Second Vice-President, H. A. B. Dunning, Baltimore.
Third Vice-President, John H. Farlow, Berlin.
Secretary, E. F. Kelly, Baltimore.
Treasurer, Samuel Y. Harris, Baltimore.
 An amendment was adopted creating the office of assistant secretary, who will devote all of his time to the office. Secretary Jeannot Hostmann of New Jersey Pharmaceutical Association attended the sessions and was one of the speakers.

MASSACHUSETTS.

President, Fred E. Jones, Lowell.
First Vice-President, C. Fred Wright, Boston.
Second Vice-President, Maurice W. Corbin, Worcester.
Secretary, James F. Guerin, Worcester.
Treasurer, John J. Tobin, Boston.

MICHIGAN.

Resolutions of importance were adopted which are reported under the Department of the American Conference of Pharmaceutical Faculties.
President, D. D. Alton, Fremont.
First Vice-President, Milo Bolender, Sparta.
Second Vice-President, L. E. Chandler,

Charlotte.

Secretary, Louis V. Middleton, Grand Rapids.

Treasurer, A. De Kruijff, Zeeland.

Members of Executive Committee: John G. Stেকে, Grand Rapids, and Ellis E. Faulkner, Middleville.

Member Prescott Memorial Scholarship Association, Charles H. Stocking.

Selection of 1924 meeting place was left to the Executive Committee.

MISSOURI.

President, Fred H. Fricke, St. Louis.

Honorary President, Samuel Farrar, Lebanon.

First Vice-President, Arthur Schulte, St. Louis.

Second Vice President, T. H. Nelson, St. Joseph.

Third Vice-President, Robert Lisch, Springfield.

Treasurer, William Mittelbach, Boonville.

Secretary, C. C. Payne, Kansas City.

Assistant Secretary, Harry Pierce, Kansas City.

Historian, H. M. Whelpley, St. Louis.

Springfield was chosen as the place for the 1924 meeting.

NEW JERSEY.

Recommendations to issue a monthly bulletin and organize county organizations were adopted. Dr. R. A. Lyman of Nebraska, Dr. A. G. DuMez of Washington, and E. F. Kelly of Baltimore were among the speakers of the convention.

President, Daniel H. Hills, Spring Lake Beach.

First Vice-President, L. L. Staehle, Newark.

Second Vice-President, Robert P. Fischelis, Newark.

Secretary, Jeannot Hostmann, Hoboken.

Treasurer, Edgar R. Sparks, Burlington.

Board of Trustees: Luke C. Hines, Thomas K. Edwards, C. J. McCloskey, Harry J. Quin, Henry Schmidt, Jeannot Hostmann and Daniel H. Hills.

New Jersey now has a law that empowers the State Board of Pharmacy to suspend as well as revoke the certificate of registration of members twice violating the pharmacy law, the act referring to the sale of liquor and the narcotic act.

Lake Hopatcong was chosen as the place for the 1924 meeting.

NEW YORK.

Hearty approval was given to the law recently enacted limiting ownership of drug

stores to licensed pharmacists. Steps will be taken to reorganize the State Association for more effective legislative work.

President, Emory H. Breckon, Buffalo.

First Vice-President, George R. Christ, Brooklyn.

Second Vice-President, T. Bruce Furnival, Syracuse.

Third Vice-President, Herman Walter, New York.

Secretary, Edward S. Dawson, Syracuse.

Treasurer, Frank Richardson, Cambridge.

Members of the Executive Committee: Pincus Herz, New York; W. R. Tongue, Poughkeepsie, and John Scavo, New York.

PENNSYLVANIA.

President Harlan J. Mentzer presented a number of important recommendations in his address; as a result the *Pennsylvania Pharmacist* is to be issued quarterly; the services of the Pennsylvania Board of Pharmacy were endorsed, and resolutions thereon sent to the Governor. Resolutions were adopted relating to sale of alcohol, and also that members convicted of illegal sales may be expelled from the association.

President, P. Henry Utech, Meadville.

First Vice-President, William E. Cline, Philadelphia.

Second Vice-President, Clarence Croft, Waynesboro.

Secretary, Louis Saalbach, Pittsburgh.

Treasurer, F. H. E. Gleim, Lebanon.

Local Secretary, George D. Kressler, Bethlehem.

Executive Committee: W. J. Sturgeon, J. C. Peacock, Harlan J. Mentzer.

Bethlehem was chosen as the place for the 1924 meeting.

TEXAS.

A feature of the meeting was the Drug Show, to which about forty exhibitors contributed.

President, W. H. Wentland, Manor.

President-elect, W. H. Whisenant, San Antonio.

First Vice-President, D. Scott Keene, Galveston.

Home Secretary, J. W. Graham, Austin.

Historian, Miss Lum Shipe, San Marcos.

Secretary-Treasurer, Walter D. Adams, Fortney.

Selection of the place for the 1924 meeting was left to the Executive Committee.

OFFICERS OF NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
OF DRUG CLERKS.

President, Arthur M. Turitt, Charleston,
W. Va. *First Vice-President*, Otto E. Bruder,

Palmyra, Wis. *Second Vice-President*, Carl
J. Nastoupil, Sealy, Tex. *Secretary-Treasurer*, Paul J. Mandabach, *Counsellor-at-Law*,
R. A. Cavanagh.

THE PHARMACIST AND THE LAW.

GOVERNMENT IS CHANGING FROM A
REPRESENTATIVE TO A
BUREAUCRATIC FORM.

Congressman Hatton W. Sumners of Texas recently said:

"Perhaps the most important thing which has ever happened in the history of any important government, unless a change is brought about by a revolution, is the change which is taking place in the functioning machinery of the National Government.

"Without a modification of our Constitution, without any formal act whatever, the National Government is rapidly changing from a representative government to a bureaucratic government. This change is resulting from the fact that the share of general governmental responsibility which has been transferred to the Federal Government exceeds the capacity of any representative government to discharge.

"The result is that resort is had to bureaus which, insofar as their practical operation is concerned, combine in themselves legislative, executive and judicial powers. That is, they promulgate rules and regulations, construe them and assess penalties.

"No member of Congress favors this change. It is resulting from the limitation which nature puts upon human capacity. It is impossible for the members of Congress, with our vast territory, population, diversity of interests, to formulate an independent judgment with regard to important governmental matters of the most vital interest to the people. As a result, bureaus are created to which general grants of power are made which include the power to make rules and regulations and to enforce them.

"Some of those who founded the Government were apprehensive that governmental power would be absorbed by the Federal Government, but they never dreamed that the people of the States would themselves initiate the transfer of that power to the Federal Government. It has been a surrender and not an absorption.

"Lying at the bottom of the whole difficulty, of course, is the mistaken notion which the people of the country seem to have gotten in comparatively recent years as to the efficiency of laws enacted by legislative agencies."

200,000 LAWS ANNUALLY ENACTED IN
UNITED STATES.

Year in and year out an average of 10,000 new laws are annually enacted by Congress and the several State legislatures in response to the American passion for law-making, according to an article in the May issue of "*The Budget*," the monthly publication of the National Budget Committee, by William P. Helm, Jr., its Washington correspondent. In addition to the Federal and State law-making bodies there are city, town and county councils meeting regularly to the number of more than 15,000; and upwards of 3,000 county legislatures. Allowing an average of only ten laws or ordinances a year for these bodies, the writer estimates that as a nation we enact each year more than 200,000 legislative measures applying to the various jurisdictions.

The drug business and pharmacy come in for a share of this legislation, which adds not only to enforcement expenditures but also to the overhead expenses of druggists and pharmacists.

THE WARNER AND MENNEN PRICE
PLANS.

The Federal Trade Commissioner has issued a formal complaint against Wm. R. Warner & Co., Inc., alleging unfair competition and price discrimination. The *Oil, Paint and Drug Reporter* comments:

"It is noted that the nature of the price discrimination presented in the Warner case is different from that presented in the Mennen case. In the Mennen case the discrimination was in favor of wholesalers as against retailers purchasing coöperatively. In the Warner case the discrimination alleged to be in use is in favor of a preferred class as against a non-preferred class, the preferred class including both wholesalers and retailers and the non-preferred class also including both wholesalers and retailers.

"In the Mennen case the commission's order prohibited a discrimination against retailers purchasing coöperatively upon the same terms as wholesalers. The court reversed the order and stated: